

# EPLAMID 6 GFI 30 NC Q1D0B001

### Polyamide 6

### **Technical Data Sheet**

**Material Information:** Reinforced with 30% of glass fiber and modified polyamide 6, with improved impact resistance, heat stabilized for injection moulding.

**Notes:** Eplamid 6 glass fiber and impact modified grades are used in all sectors of industry, offering a good impact strength for mechanical properties and ensures an outstanding performance even at low temperatures (up to -40°C). This material is available in natural and colours on request.

Properties	<b>Test Method</b>	Unit		Value
Physical properties			Dry	Cond
Density (23°C)	ISO 1183	g/cm³	1,30	
Humidity absorption (equilibrium)	ISO 62	%	1,7	
Water absorption(saturation)	ISO 62	%	5,6	
Mold shrinkage- parallel/normal (2mm)	ISO 294-4	%	0,6/1	
Mechanical properties				
Tensile modulus (1mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	MPa	8000	4300
Tensile stress at break (5mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	MPa	140	90
Tensile strain at break (5mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 527-2	%	5	10
Flexural modulus (2mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 178	MPa	7100	3200
Flexural strength (2mm/min) (23°C)	ISO 178	MPa	195	140
Notched izod impact (23°C)	ISO 180/1A	kJ/m²	22	26
Unnotched izod impact (23°C)	ISO 180/1U	kJ/m²	100	105
Notched charpy impact (23°C)	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m²	23	27
Unnotched charpy impact (23°C)	ISO 179/1eU	kJ/m²	105	110
Notched izod impact (-40°C)	ISO 180/1A	kJ/m²	14	
Notched charpy impact (-30°C)	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m²	16	
Thermal properties				
Melting point (10°K/min)	ISO 11357/1-/3	°C	220	
Temp. of deflection under load (0,45 MPa)	ISO 75-2/B	°C	210	
Temp. of deflection under load (1,80 MPa)	ISO 75-2/A	°C	195	
Flammability & electrical properties				
Flammability classification (0,8mm) - UL 94	EN 60695-11-10	-	НВ	
Comparative tracking index - CTI (Solution A)	EN 60112	V	550	
Surface resistivity	ASTM D257	Ω/sq	1,00E+13	
Test conditions				

## **Test conditions**

Laboratory conditions are 23 ±2°C and 45-55 % RH.

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### **EPLAMID 6 GRADES PROCESSING CONDITIONS**

### **Injection moulding of EPLAMID 6**

Polyamide 6 is easy to mould material, with a very wide processing window.

A few general guidelines are given here.

### **Pre-drying**

Polyamide is hygroscopic and moisture sensitive, so pre-drying is recommended as a matter of rule. Material that is not pre-dried to a moisture level below 0,1 % will degrade, causing surface defects, parts that are out of dimension and brittle parts. It is recommended to dry material for 4 hours at  $80^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C in a desiccant dryer with more than one desiccant element.

A few tips to ensure proper operation of the dryer:

- \* Ensure the thermocouple that regulates the temperature is placed immediately before the entry of the air into the dryer. There can be a significant temperature drop in the air-conveyance system.
- \* The temperature of the air going out of the dryer silo should not be more than 30°C lower than the air entering the system. If this is the case, you have insufficient air capacity.
- \* From time to time, monitor the dew point of the dry air to ensure the desiccant elements are functioning properly.
- \* Often, less air runs through the very bottom part of a dryer silo. Therefore, it is recommended that you take the material out of the bottom of the dryer and feed back into the top when you start up your process.

### **Moulding temperatures**

Polyamide 6 can be processed between 220 and 295°C, depending on the grade used.

The following barrel settings are recommended:

Material	Zone 1 (Hopper)	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4 (Nozzle)
Unfilled Grades	220-260°C	225-270°C	225-270°C	225-275°C
Impact M. Grades	220-265°C	225-260°C	225-265°C	230-275°C
Flame Ret. Grades	225-260°C	230-260℃	235-265°C	235-265°C
Reinforced Grades	240-280°C	240-290°C	240-290°C	240-295°C

## **Tool temperature**

Mould temperature is always a compromise. Moreover, tool temperature should be as a high as possible to give optimum crystallization, dimensional, good surface finish and excellent mechanical performance. On the other hand, lower tool temperature can significantly cut cycle time.

For Polyamide 6,  $60^{\circ}\text{C-}80^{\circ}\text{C}$  should be the standard range. For highly reinforced grades values of up to  $110^{\circ}\text{C}$  are preferred.

#### **Pressure and speed**

Injection pressure should generally be around 70 to 120 Mpa; this results in a minimum clamping force of the moulding machine in tonnes of 0,7 times the projected surface area in cm<sup>2</sup>.

Holding pressure is generally in the area of 90 Mpa.

For glassfibre reinforced compounds, the screw speed should be kept low, a rough indication is as follows:

Screw diameter (mm)	Maximum rpm	
20	150	
30	100	
40	70	
50	60	
60	50	
70	40	
80	35	
>80	30	

Back pressure should be kept to a practical minimum.

### Use of regrind

Regrind sprues and runners can be used on most materials. It is not recommended to use regrind on FR grades. When regrind is used, observe these simple rules:

- \* Use a constant ratio of regrind and virgin material. When a material has been processed once, its viscosity and fibre length have been decreased. Using varying rations of regrind can lead to variations in dimensions, mechanical performance and processing characteristics.
- \* Either feed the regrind straight back into the machine or pre-dry the regrind before usage.
- \* Store regrind in a dry, clean place to avoid contamination and excess moisture.
- \* Ensure sharp cutting blades to keep dust generation to a minimum; cut glass fibre reinforced material when it is still hot.
- \* Clean the grinder regularly to avoid build up of dust.
- \* Do not use splayed, discoloured or degraded parts and runners.

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